

Jacque Peltier junior²⁴ } his Son's
 Antoine Peltier²⁵ }
 Swan²⁶ Clerk

born in the parish of St. Pierre de Galardon in Beauce, France. He married Jane Roussy, who was born in 1622, and they were living in Quebec as early as 1637. Nicholas was buried before 1675; his widow was buried at Sorel, Dec. 12, 1689.

A grandson of Nicholas Peltier and Jane Roussy, Jean Francis Peltier, born at Sorel, Aug. 15, 1691, came to Detroit in 1705 with the family of his stepfather, Pierre Maillet. Here on March 25, 1718, he married Mary Louisa Robert, who was born at Lachine, Dec. 15, 1698, daughter of Pierre Robert *dit* Lapierre-Lapomerais and Angelica Ptolomé. Jean Francis Peltier was buried at Detroit about the year 1723; his widow was buried, April 2, 1776. They had three children: Jean Baptiste, born Aug. 20, 1719; Jean Francis, born Dec. 28, 1720; and Mary Angelica, born Sept. 20, 1722. Jean Francis died of smallpox in boyhood. Mary Angelica married (first) Anthony Campau and (second) Etienne Livernois; she died in August, 1762, and was buried under the church.

Our present concern is with the line of Jean Baptiste Peltier. He married at Boucherville, May 26, 1743, Mary Joseph Cornet, daughter of Joseph Cornet and Frances Le Beau. On Nov. 8, 1750, he purchased from Jean Baptiste Campau a farm at the Northeast Coast of Detroit, known in more recent years as the Leib farm or Private Claim 15. Here he lived until his death, although on Jan. 19, 1790, he deeded the farm to his son, Felix Peltier. He was buried, Jan. 4, 1802; Mary Joseph Cornet was buried May 4, 1807.

Jean Baptiste Peltier and his wife, Mary Joseph, reared a family of thirteen children, who intermarried with many of the families of early Detroit. The third son, Jacques Amable Peltier, was the person noted in the present document. He was born, Jan. 16, 1747, "at ten o'clock in the morning." As a boy of sixteen years he witnessed the occurrences of Pontiac's siege of Detroit, and in old age he narrated his recollections of the siege to Governor Cass, who reduced them to writing and later placed them at the disposal of Francis Parkman. On May 27, 1771, Jacques Amable married at Montreal, Magdelene Levasseur *dit* Chaverlange, who was born at Quebec, July 24, 1753, daughter of Pierre Levasseur *dit* Chaverlange and Margaret Petit. They reared a family of ten children. Jacques Peltier was buried, Nov. 18, 1825; Magdelene Levasseur was buried, Oct. 18, 1806. Information adapted from Denissen, *op. cit.*

24 Jacques Amable Peltier, the eldest son of Jacques Amable Peltier and Magdelene Levasseur, was born at Detroit, Sept. 24, 1772. On May 26, 1800, he married Susanne Cicotte, daughter of Jean Baptiste Cicotte and Angelica Poupard, who was born at Detroit, Jan. 29, 1777. She was buried, Jan. 26, 1801, leaving no descendants. On Sept. 1, 1810, Jacques Amable Peltier married again at Fort Wayne, before four witnesses, Angelica Chapoton, daughter of Louis Chapoton and Catherine Meloche of Detroit. The marriage was ratified at Ste. Anne's, Detroit, Sept. 21, 1812. Of this union two children were born: Felicity, who married Robert Beaubien in October, 1829, and Jacques. Denissen, *op. cit.*

25 Antoine Peltier, second son of Jacques Amable Peltier and Magdelene Levasseur, was born at Sandwich, Feb. 13, 1774. He married at Detroit, Nov. 5, 1800, Monica Delisle, daughter of Alexis Bienvenu *dit* Delisle and Mary Ann Campau. They removed in later years to the River Raisin where the last two of their nine children were born. Monica Delisle was buried at St. Antoine, River Raisin, July 1, 1822.

26 Probably James Swan, who a few years later was acting as the agent at Mackinac for Isaac Todd. In the year 1798, he went to St. Louis to recover for Todd payment for debts owing by the firm of Clamorgan, Loisel and Co. The mission was unsuccessful, and Todd in a letter to Askin speaks of his debtors as a "rascally" set. See Askin Papers, *passim*.